Investment Concepts – Dollar cost averaging

Dollar cost averaging involves investing a set amount of money at regular intervals. By investing this way you are not attempting to pick the lows or highs of the market but rather investing a fixed dollar amount regardless of investment market trends.

How it works

The following example shows a dollar cost averaged share investment. A fixed amount of \$1,000 was invested in a share each month as the market price fell and then recovered to its original value.

| Month | Amount invested | Share price | Units purchased |
|-------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1 | \$1,000 | \$20.00 | 50 |
| 2 | \$1,000 | \$20.00 | 66 |
| 3 | \$1,000 | \$10.00 | 100 |
| 4 | \$1,000 | \$15.00 | 66 |
| 5 | \$1,000 | \$15.00 | 50 |
| Total | \$5,000 | | 332 |

Note: This is a hypothetical example for illustration purposes only and does not relate to a specific financial product.

In this example, by dollar cost averaging into the market, the total shares were purchased at an average cost of \$15.06 (\$5,000 / 332). After five months the investment was valued at \$6,640 (332 shares at \$20 per share), a profit of \$1,640. If the shares had been purchased at the commencement of the five months (ie at \$20), there would not have been any gain on the investment when the shares returned to their original value at the end of the five-month period. The \$5,000 invested would still have the same value, ignoring any dividend income.

Benefits

The benefits of adopting a dollar cost averaging strategy may include:

- By regularly investing in an investment market, you are not relying on timing strategies aimed at picking when a market has bottomed or peaked. Dollar cost averaging imposes a helpful investment discipline by completely ignoring timing issues
- It may be beneficial if markets fall. This is because only a fraction of the total amount to be invested is exposed to declines in the market. Also, when the market price falls, your regular investment amount will purchase more investment shares or units, and
- It may provide a sound savings regime and suitable investment strategy for people with a regular income but without large sums to invest.

Risks, consequences and other important things to consider

These include:

- When market prices are trending upwards, a portfolio purchased up front will do better than the portfolio purchased using dollar cost averaging. This is because the full gain on the price rise is captured by the full amount of money invested up front.
- Over a time period in which prices fall steadily, a dollar cost averaging portfolio will still lose money. Nonetheless, dollar cost averaging will generally lose less than an upfront purchased portfolio.

Version: 1.1

Issue date: 4 August 2020

Important information:

This document has been prepared by Affinity Private Financial Services (ABN 64 639 980 724, AFSL 522707) ('APFS'), registered office Level 5, North Building, 333 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000, for use and distribution by representatives and authorised representatives of APFS (such as Affinity Private Advisors) and Australian Financial Services Licensees with whom it has a commercial services agreement. Information in this document is of general nature only and does not take into account your objectives, financial situation or needs. You should seek personal financial, tax, legal and such other advice as necessary or appropriate before relying on the information in this document or making any financial investment, insurance or other decision. If this document is provided to you in conjunction with a Statement of Advice ('SOA'), any personal financial advice relevant to the financial advising concept/strategy referred to in this document will be contained in that SOA.

Information in this document reflects our understanding of relevant regulatory requirements and laws etc as at the date of issue, which may be subject to chance. While care has been taken in preparing this document, no liability is accepted by APFS or any member of Affinity Private Advisors, nor their agents or employees for any loss arising from any reliance on this document.

If any financial product is referred to in this document, you should consider the relevant PDS or other disclosure material before making an investment decision in relation to that financial product.